STREET SWEEPING

1. Preparation

- a. Prioritize cleaning routes to use at the highest frequency in areas with the highest pollutant loading.
- b. Increase sweeping frequency just before the rainy season, unless sweeping occurs continuously throughout the year.
- c. Perform preventative maintenance and services on sweepers to increase and maintain their efficiency.
- d. Streets are to be swept as needed or specified by the city. Street maps are used to ensure all streets are swept at a specified interval.

2. Process

- a. Drive street sweeper safely and pickup debris.
- When full, take the sweeper to the approved trash pile at public works.
 After material has dried, haul the entire trash pile to the Transjordan landfill for disposal.

3. Clean-up

- a. Street sweepers are to be cleaned out in a manner that does not allow debris to enter the storm drain system.
- Street sweeping cleaning stations shall separate the solids from the liquids.
- c. Once solids have dried out, haul them to the local landfill.
- d. Decant water is to be collected and routed to an approved wastewater collection system area only.
- e. Haul all dumped material to the landfill.

4. Documentation

- Keep accurate logs to track streets swept and streets still requiring sweeping.
- b. Log the amount of debris collected and hauled off.